

Description

D24ExxM40JP DC/DC converter has input voltage range 9V \sim 40V, output power of 40W,with operating temperature range of 55 $^{\circ}$ C \sim +105 $^{\circ}$ C. It adopts PCB surface mount technology and is encapsulated with metal case with potting. The product weighs about 24g, with input and output isolated. It is applied in DC power supply systems to realize the isolated voltage conversion function. The module has the following characteristics.

Product Features

- 1. Enable control function
- 2. Fixed switching frequency
- 3. Input undervoltage protection
- 4. Withstands 50V surge voltage
- 5. Output short-circuit protection
- 6. Output over-current protection
- 7. Package: $1" \times 1"$
- 8. Complies with GJB 10164-2021 "General Specification for Microcircuit Modules"







3 years Warranty

1. Selection Guide

Product Model	Output Power (W)	Nominal Output voltage/Current	Efficiency (@24VDC, %/Typ.)	Max. Capacitive Load (μF)
D24E05M40JP	40	5V/8.00A	90	2000
D24E12M40JP	40	12V/3.34A	91	1000
D24E15M40JP	40	15V/2.67A	91	1000
D24E24M40JP	40	24V/1.67A	90	820
D24E28M40JP	40	28V/1.43A	90	820

2. Environmental Specifications

Item	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Operating temperature	-55	25	105	°C	Baseplate temperature
Storage temperature	-55	25	125	°C	
Relative humidity	-	-	95	%	non-condensing
Pin Soldering Resistance Temperature	-	-	300	°C	Soldering time shall not exceed 10 seconds

3. Electrical Specifications

Input Specifications		Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Input voltage ran	ge	Iout=0~100%Io	9	24	40	
Surge Voltage		50ms	-0.5	-	50	
Input undervoltage	Starting voltage	Iout=0∼100%Io	-	-	9.0	
protection		10ut=0~100%10	6.0	-	-	V
Enable control	Starting voltage	Ctrl to high or floating	3.5	-	12.0	
voltage ^a (positive logic)	Turn-off voltage	Ctrl to low or ground	0	-	0.7	
No-load power consumption		Vin=9V~40V,no-load	-	-	1.5	W



DC-DC Converters



Temperature coefficient	Full load	-	-	0.02	%°C
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12V, 15V, 24V 28V	Output Spec	ifications	Condition		Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
12V, 15V, 24V 28V 24V, 28 24V, 28 24V, 28 24V 28V 24V 24V 28V 24V 24V 28V 24V				5V			±2	
Linear Regulation $Vin=9V\sim40V$ full load $ \pm 0.5$ Current regulation $Vin=24V$ no-load \rightarrow full load $ \pm 0.5$ ± 0.5 Ripple & Noise $Vin=9V\sim40V,0\sim100\% Io$ BW=20MHz $5V$ 100 $12V$, $15V$ $ 120$ 150 150 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Output voltage		Vin=9V∼40V full load		-	-	±1	%Vo
Current regulation Vin=24V no-load→full load - ± 0.5 Ripple & Noise Vin=9V~40V,0~100%Io BW=20MHz 5V 120 120 Over-voltage Protection *** Vin=9V~40V full load 110 - 150 9 Over-current Protection Hit cup mode 110 - 125 - 9 Over-temperature protection Housing operating temperature - 125 - 9 Trim Guaranteed when the output is increased Po≤40W 90 - 110 9 Load dynamic response Recovery time* 100t:25%load→50%load→25%load Iout:50%load rowspan="2">10ut:25%load→50%load→25%load Iout:50%load rowspan="2">10ut:25%load→50%load di/dt=0.1A/us - - - - - - - - - -	Output current		Vin=9V~40V		Refer to Sel	ection Guide		Α
Ripple & Noise $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Linear Regulation	on	Vin=9V∼40V full load		-	-	±0.5	%
Ripple & Noise	Current regulati	on	Vin=24V no-load→full load		-	-	±0.5	%
				5V			100	
Over-voltage Protection Protection Vin=9V~40V full load 110 - 150 90 Over-current Protection Hiccup mode 1110 - 180 90 Over-temperature protection Housing operating temperature - 125 - 90 Efficiency Vin=24V full load Refer to Selection Guide Trim Guaranteed when the output is reduced Iout≤100%lo Guaranteed when the output is increased Po≤40W Load dynamic response Recovery time Overshoot/u mdershoot Recovery time Vin=0V→24V full load Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 10% Start delay time Sunday 110 - 150 90 Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 100 - 150 00 Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 100 - 200 000 Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 100 000 Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 100 000 Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 100 000 Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 100 000 Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 100 000 Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 100 000 Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 100 000 Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 100 000 Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 100 000 Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 100 000 Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 100 000 Time from power-on 100	Ripple & Noise			12V、15V	-	_	120	mV
Over-current Protection Hiccup mode 110 - 180 9 Over-temperature protection Housing operating temperature - 125 - 9 Efficiency Vin=24V full load Refer to Selection Guide Trim Guaranteed when the output is reduced Iout ≤ 100% loo Guaranteed when the output is increased Po ≤ 40W 90 - 110 9 Load dynamic response Overshoot/u ndershoot Recovery time ^d Iout:25%load→50%load→25%load Iout:50%load →75%load Iout:50%load →75%load→50%load→50%load di/dt=0.1A/us - - ±5 9 Start delay time ^d Vin=0V→24V full load Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 10% - - - 20 1			DVV-ZUMITZ	24V、28			150	
Over-temperature protection Housing operating temperature - 125 - 9/2 Efficiency Vin=24V full load Refer to Selection Guide Trim Guaranteed when the output is reduced Iout≤100%lo Guaranteed when the output is increased Po≤40W Load dynamic response Recovery time Iout:25%load→50%load→25%load Iout:50%load→50%load→50%load di/dt=0.1A/us Start delay time Vin=0V→24V full load Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 10%	Over-voltage Pr	otectionbc	Vin=9V~40V full load		110	-	150	%Vo
Efficiency Vin=24V full load Guaranteed when the output is reduced Iout≤100%lo Guaranteed when the output is increased Po≤40W Overshoot/u ndershoot response Recovery time ^d Overshoot/u ndershoot Trime from power-on to the output voltage rising to 10% Refer to Selection Guide Refer to Selection Guide Refer to Selection Guide 110 90 - 110 90 - ±5 90	Over-current Protection		Hiccup mode		110	-	180	%Io
Trim	Over-temperatu	re protection	Housing operating temperature		-	125	-	%°C
Trim	Efficiency		Vin=24V full load		Refer to Selection Guide			%
Load dynamic response Indershoot Recovery time ^d Iout:25%load→50%load→25%load Iout:50%load →75%load→50%load di/dt=0.1A/us - 500 Start delay time ^e Vin=0V→24V full load Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 10%	Trim		Iout≤100%lo Guaranteed when the output is i	Guaranteed when the output is reduced Iout≤100%lo Guaranteed when the output is increased		-	110	%Vo
response Recovery time ^d →75%load→50%load di/dt=0.1A/us - 500 Vin=0V→24V full load Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 10% The from power-on to the output voltage rising to 10%	Load dynamic	7 -	Iout: 25% load - 50% load - 25%	oad Iout:50%load	-	-	±5	%Vo
Start delay time° Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to 10%	,	Recovery				-	500	μS
Output vice time	Start delay time [°]		Time from power-on to the output voltage rising to		-	-	20	ms
Output rise time Vout rises from 10% to 90% full load 20 ii	Output rise time V		Vout rises from 10% to 90% full load		-	-	20	ms
Starting overshoot Vin=9V~40V full load 3	Starting oversho	oot	Vin=9V~40V full load		-	-	3	%
Capacitive load f Purely resistive load test,low ESR capacitor,full load Refer to Selection Guide	Capacitive load	:	Purely resistive load test,low ESF	R capacitor,full load	Refer to Selection Guide			μF
Short circuit protection Hiccup mode Automatic recovery after fault removal	Short circuit pro	otection	Hiccup mode		Automatic re	ecovery after fa	ault removal	

- a) When the Ctrl pin is connected to a high level (3.5V \sim 12V) or left floating, the product operates normally. When it is connected to a low level (0V \sim 0.7V), the product has no output.
- b) The overvoltage protection mode is clamping mode. After the overvoltage protection is released, the output voltage test result meets the electrical characteristic requirements.
- c) The parameters are guaranteed by the design and are only tested during identification and design or process changes.
- d) Recovery time refers to the time from the beginning of the transition until the output voltage returns to the corresponding stable value the accuracy range.
- e) The start-up delay time can be calculated either from the power supply's transition or from the time when the ctrl terminal is connected to a low level, until the output voltage rises to 10% Vout.
- f) Capacitive loads do not affect the DC parameters.

Note: The above specification parameter test circuit refers to the typical application 4.2 and 4.3.

General Specifications		Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Insulation resist	ance [®]	Add 500VDC between input and output, between input and shell, between output and shell for 10s	100	-	-	МΩ
Switching frequency		Full load	220	260	300	kHz
	Input-Output		1500	-	-	
Isolation voltage ^{gh} Input-Housing Output-Housing		t=1min set the leakage current to 1mA	1500	-	-	VDC
			500	-	-	

- g) The input leads are pins 1, 2 and 3, and the output leads are pins 4, 5, 6. During the test, the input leads need to be shorted together, and the output leads need to be shorted together;
- h) Judgment criteria: the module shall be free of breakdown and arcing.

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Dimension	25.40*25.40*11.70mm
Weight	24g±5g (Type)
Cooling Method Conduction Heat Dissipation	

4. Typical applications

4.1 Enable Control

The function of the positive and negative enable logic is as follows:

For positive logic enable, the module works normally when the control pin is connected to high level or floating, and is turned off when grounded or low level. For negative logic enable, the module works normally when the control pin is grounded or at low level, and is turned off when connected to high level or floating;

The enable pin of this model is positive logic. When the enable pin is left floating (or connected to high level), the product has output. When not in use, the enable pin can be left floating; when using the enable pin, the product has no output when the enable pin is connected to the input ground (or connected to low level) by means of a switch, etc.

Switching mode	Triode control mode	Optocoupler isolation control mode	Logic gate control mode
SI	Ctrl	Ctrl Vin-	VCC Ctrl O Vin-

4.2 Application Diagram

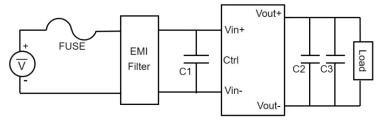


Fig.1 Application

Fig. 1 shows the typical application connection method of the module. The input terminals of the module power supply will have significant differences due to the length of the input source leads. In order to prevent input oscillation caused by excessively long input lines, it is recommended to add input capacitors near the input pins of the module. Similarly, an output capacitor should be added at the output end of the module:

Recommend parameters								
C1	Input capacitance: 100µF	Input capacitance: 100µF ceramic capacitor or electrolytic capacitor						
	Output capacitance: The capacitance values in the table below are for ceramic capacitors.							
C2	Output voltage (V)	5	12	15	24	28		
	Value selection for C2 (μ F)	100	68	68	47	47		
C3	Output capacitance: 1µF ceramic capacitor							

4.3 Output Ripple Voltage Test Diagram



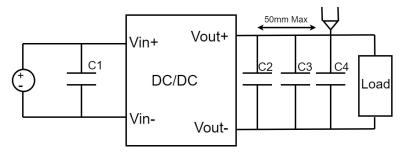


Fig.2 Schematic diagram of output ripple voltage

Ripple measurement is generally measured under the condition of rated input and output, the oscilloscope bandwidth is set to 20MHz, and the oscilloscope probe with the ground clamp removed is used to measure at a distance of about 3~5cm from the output end.

Note: The oscilloscope uses a bandwidth of 20MHz.

Recommend parameters							
C1	Requires mounting close to	the input pins of th	e module, recomme	nd 100 µF ceramic ca	pacitor or solid-state	e capacitor	
C2	Ceramic capacitors with the capacitance values listed in the table below, which are required to be installed close to the output pins of the module to better reduce the output ripple voltage and improve the output characteristics of the product in high and low temperature environments. Output voltage (V) 5 12 15 24 28					product in high and	
	Value selection for C2 (μ F)		68	68	47	47	
C3	1μF ceramic capacitor						
C4	10μF tantalum capacitor or ceramic capacitor						

4.4 Trim Function Application Note

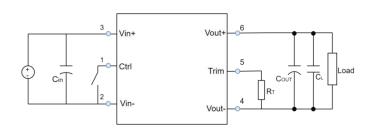


Fig 3: Functional application diagram of Trim

Fig.4 Trim circuit (dashed box is inside the product)

Trim resistance calculation formula:

$$ap:R_T = \frac{aR2}{R2 - a} - R3$$
 $a = \frac{Vref}{Vo' - Vref} \cdot R_T = \frac{aR1}{A} - R_3$ $a = \frac{Vo' - Vref}{Vo' - Vref} \cdot R_T = \frac{Vo' - Vref}{Vo' - Vref} \cdot R_T = \frac{Vo' - Vref}{A} - \frac{Vo' - Vref}{A} - \frac{Vo' - Vref}{A} = \frac{Vo' - Vref}{A} - \frac{Vo' - Vref}{A} - \frac{Vref}{A} - \frac{$

RT is Trim resistance

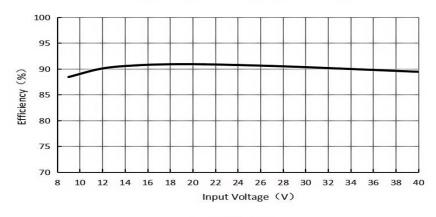
a is a custom parameter and has no actual meaning.

Model	R1(kΩ)	R2(kΩ)	R3(kΩ)	Vref(V)
D24E05M40JP	7.48	2.49	4.3	1.25
D24E12M40JP	9.49	2.49	4.3	2.5
D24E15M40JP	12.5	2.49	4.3	2.5
D24E24M40JP	21.5	2.49	4.3	2.5
D24E28M40JP	25.5	2.49	4.3	2.5

5.Product Characteristic Curve

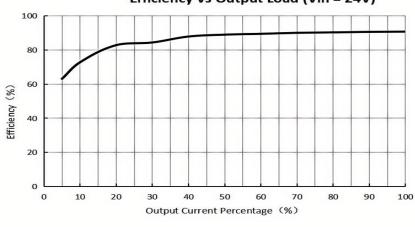


Efficiency vs Input Voltage (Full Load)



D24E05M40JP

Fig.5
Efficiency Vs Output Load (Vin = 24V)



D24E05M40JP

Fig.6

Efficiency vs Input Voltage (Full Load)

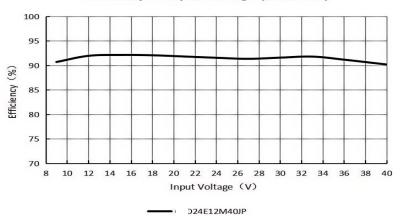


Fig.7



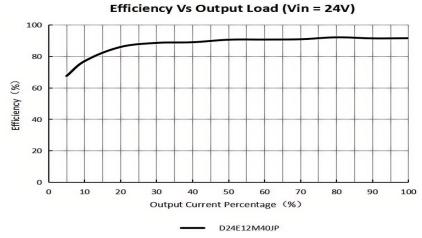
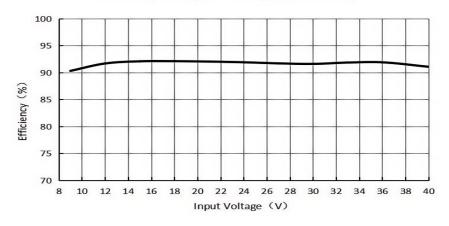


Fig.8

Efficiency vs Input Voltage (Full Load)



D24E15M40JP

Fig.9

Efficiency Vs Output Load (Vin = 24V)

80

60

20

0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100

Output Current Percentage (%)

Fig.10



Efficiency vs Input Voltage (Full Load)

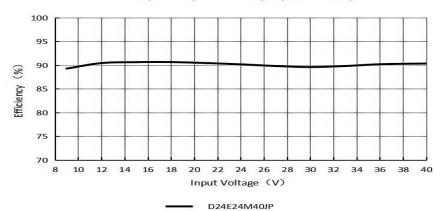


Fig.11

Efficiency Vs Output Load (Vin = 24V)

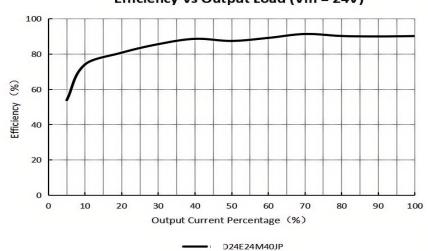


Fig.12

Temperature Derating Curve Chart

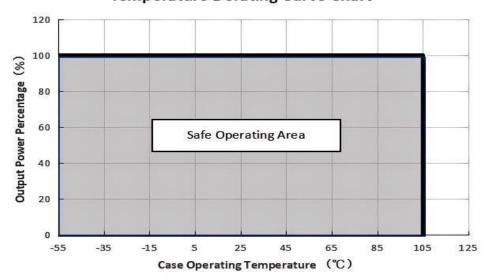
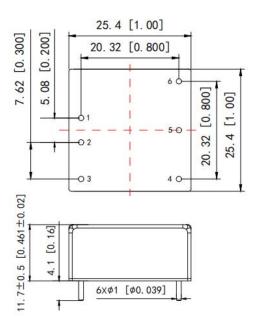


Fig.13

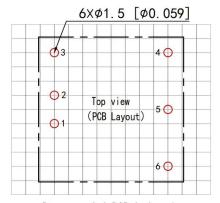


6. Dimension and Terminal Definition





- 1) First angle projection
- 2) Five-sided metal aluminum, anodized matte black
- 3) All dimension in mm[inches]
- 4) Pins diameter tolerance: ±0.1[0.004]
- No specification for tolerance:
 X. X±0. 5[X. XX±0. 02], X. XX±0. 25[X. XXX±0. 01]



Recommended PCB hole size NOTE: Grid size is 2.54*2.54[0.1*0.1]

No.	Symbol	Function
1	Vin+	Input positive end
2	Vin-	Input negative terminal
3	Ctrl	Enable control end
4	Vout-	Negative output terminal
5	Trim	Output voltage adjustment terminal
6	Vout+	Output positive terminal

Fig.14 Terminal Arrangement (Top View, Pin Up) and Appearance Dimension

7. Precautions

- 7.1. Do not reverse the polarity of the power supply. Pay attention to the input voltage range, which is 9V ~ 40V;
- 7.2. Please use wide PCB leads or thick wires between the power module and the load, and keep the line voltage drop below 2% Vo to ensure that the output voltage of the power module remains within the specified range;
- 7.3. The measurement of voltage must be conducted at the root of the module terminals, eliminating the measurement errors caused by the test tooling fixtures.
- 7.4. The impedance of the lead may cause output voltage oscillation or large ripple. Please make sufficient evaluation before use;
- 7.5. Prevent product collision;
- 7.6. Pay attention to the "1" pin (or ESD) identification, according to the correct installation direction plate welding;
- 7.7. Heat sink or other heat dissipation measures should be installed to ensure that the shell temperature is lower than the maximum operating temperature specified by the product. The operating temperature range of the product is:-55 °C≤TC≤ 105 °C;
- 7.8. Lead welding temperature is less than 300 °C, welding time should not exceed 10 seconds;
- 7.9 The heat dissipation surface of the product: either fasten it with screws, or apply thermal paste on the contact surface for heat dissipation; in addition, glue should be applied around the perimeter for fixation.

Note:

- 1. Our products shall be classified and stored according to ISO14001 and relevant environmental laws and regulations after being scrapped, and shall be handled by qualified units;
- 2. Except for special instructions, all indicators in this manual are measured when Ta = 25 °C, humidity <75%, nominal input voltage 28V and output rated load;
- 3. The test methods of all indicators in this manual are based on the company's enterprise standards;
- 4. Our company can provide customized products, specific needs can directly contact our technical personnel;
- 5. If the product involves multi-brand materials, please refer to the manufacturer's standards for differences such as different colors.

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